

Suspension Multibody Simulation

Suspension Key Performance Indicator Report

RACE user: RACE Demo

Simulation description: Double Wishbone Demo Simulation - Standard

Suspension type: Double Wishbone - Standard

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1 Statement of Non-liability

RACE software provided by race.software is intended as a suspension concept development tool. It is designed to help you to understand the performance of your suspension system. This report contains information on the performance of a suspension system as specified by the inputs you have supplied to the RACE software programme. Race.software has no control over the inputs chosen by you and takes no reponsibility for the performance of your suspension system. You are the owner of your suspension system and you are reponsible for its performance. The results of the RACE software should be used only to improve your understanding of its operation, not as a guaranteed prediction of how it will perform. It is your reponsibility as the user of RACE software to interpret the results it provides and to make your own judgement as to how your suspension will perform in real life.



2 RACE Kinematics and Compliance Analysis

RACE is a specialist multibody dynamics software for virtual suspension Kinematics and Compliance (K&C) testing. The K&C analysis is done on a complete front or rear suspension model (half car model/axle model). The K&C test cases are described in the sections below. The test inputs are simplified representations of the motion and loading a suspension system is subject to during its operation in roll, cornering, braking and traction.

The simplified inputs allow the force-response interactions of the suspension system to be measured, understood and ultimately tuned. The key to good suspension design is to develop the suspension system to move (kinematics) and deform (compliance) in a way that gives the driver confidence and delivers controlled, predictable vehicle behaviour.

2.1 RACE Kinematics tests

- Vertical Motion: $\pm 50 \,\mathrm{mm}$ parallel wheel travel.
- Roll Motion: ±50 mm opposite wheel travel. The test is run with the anti-roll bar connected (RACE Advanced only).
- Steering Input: ±50 mm steering rack travel in RACE Standard. The steering rack travel is user defined in RACE Advanced.

2.2 RACE Compliance tests

- Lateral Force: ±3000 N lateral load applied at the tyre contact patch. The left and right wheel loads are applied in-phase (loads applied to the left and right wheel in the same direction). The tests are run with the load applied at the contact patch (0mm trail) and with the load applied 30mm behind the contact patch (30mm trail).
- Braking Force: ±3000 N longitudinal load applied at the tyre contact patch. The left and right wheel loads are applied in-phase.
- Traction Force: $\pm 3000 \,\mathrm{N}$ longitudinal load applied at the wheel centre. The left and right wheel loads are applied in-phase.
- Tyre Aligning Torque: ±300 Nm torque applied at the tyre contact patch. The left and right wheel moments are applied in-phase.



3 Simulation Details

• Simulation description: Double Wishbone Demo Simulation - Standard

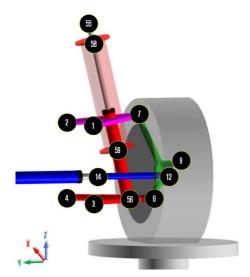


Figure 1: Suspension hardpoint numbering convention

Table 1: Suspension hardpoint co-ordinates

Hardpoint	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)
p1	1200.00	-400.00	1303.00
p2	1500.00	-400.00	1297.00
p3	1200.00	-400.00	1000.00
p9	1350.00	-750.00	1100.00
p4	1500.00	-400.00	1000.00
p6	1350.00	-700.00	1000.00
p7	1380.00	-650.00	1330.00
p12	1200.00	-720.00	1053.00
p14	1200.00	-430.00	1050.00
p55	1350.00	-450.00	1500.00
p56	1350.00	-640.00	1000.00
p58	1350.00	-450.00	1500.00
p59	1350.00	-565.00	1200.00



Table 2: Suspension joint types

Joint	Type	Key stiffnesses	Joint attached to
p1	Standard bush	Radial 8 kN/mm; Axial 0.5 kN/mm	Chassis
p2	Standard bush	Radial 8 kN/mm; Axial 0.5 kN/mm	Chassis
p3	Standard bush	Radial 10 kN/mm; Axial 0.5 kN/mm	Chassis
p4	Standard bush	Radial 10 kN/mm; Axial 0.5 kN/mm	Chassis
p6	Ball joint	Radial 50 kN/mm; Axial 50 kN/mm	Knuckle
p7	Ball joint	Radial 50 kN/mm; Axial 50 kN/mm	Knuckle
p12	Ball joint	Radial 50 kN/mm; Axial 50 kN/mm	Knuckle
p14	Ball joint	Radial 50 kN/mm; Axial 50 kN/mm	Steering rack
p19	Wheel bearing	Conical 10 kNm/Deg	Wheel hub
p55	Top mount	Radial 3 kN/mm; Axial 0.5 kN/mm	Chassis
p56	Ball joint	Radial 50 kN/mm; Axial 50 kN/mm	Lower control arm
p58	Spring upper	Rigid attachment	Damper rod (coilover)
p59	Spring lower	Rigid attachment	Damper tube (coilover)
p72	Rod guide	Conical 5 kNm/Deg	Damper rod

Table 3: Suspension parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
Spring rate	30.00	N/mm
Spring preload	5000	N
Tyre loaded radius	300.0	mm
Wheelbase	2200.0	mm



Table 4: RACE simulation stats

Phase	CPU Time (s)	Status
Pre-processing	114.3	Complete

Phase	CPU Time (s)	Status
Lateral ip0	3.0	Complete
Aligning ip	3.0	Complete
Lateral ip30	3.0	Complete
Traction	3.3	Complete
Braking	3.4	Complete
Vertical	4.3	Complete
Steering	4.8	Complete
Simulation Total	24.8	

Phase	CPU Time (s)	Status
Post-processing	82.9	Complete



4 Suspension Key Performance Indicator Summary

- The suspension KPIs are all calculated for the left wheel of the suspension
- The KPI summary table is split into kinematics and compliance sections
- \bullet The kinematics KPIs table can be found in $\S 4.1$
- \bullet The compliance KPIs table can be found in $\S 4.2$
- Click on the KPI name in the tables to link to the KPI graph
- The KPI graphs show the multibody simulation signals plotted to generate the KPI in blue
- The point at which a KPI value was taken from the curve is shown by a red cross
- Where the KPI is calculated from the gradient of the curve, the curve fit is shown by a red line
- Click on the metric unit in the tables to link to the metric sign convention definitions in §6



4.1 RACE Kinematics KPIs

KPI	Unit	Value
STATIC GEOMETRY		
Static camber	\deg	-0.03
Static toe	\deg	0.04
Track width at contact patch	mm	1500.4
Damper ratio	mm/mm	0.69
Spring ratio	mm/mm	0.69
STEERING INPUT		
Kingpin inclination - with steer	\deg	8.4
Castor angle - with steer	\deg	5.1
Castor trail - with steer	$_{ m mm}$	17.2
Scrub radius - with steer	$_{ m mm}$	21.1
Wheel centre longitudinal offset - with steer	mm	-9.6
Wheel centre lateral offset - with steer	mm	64.4
Steering ratio - on-centre	\deg/mm	0.37
Steering rack travel - centre to full lock	mm	50
Lock angle at full right rack travel	\deg	18.4
Lock angle at full left rack travel	\deg	-19
Percent ackermann at full rack travel	%	19
VERTICAL MOTION		
Bump camber	m deg/m	-20.4
Bump steer - on centre	m deg/m	-2.9
Bump steer - 25mm bump	m deg/m	-1.6
Bump steer - 25mm rebound	m deg/m	-4.2
Bump castor (knuckle rotation)	m deg/m	3.7
Kinematic wheel centre recession	$\mathrm{mm/m}$	9
Contact patch lateral migration	mm/m	72.2
Wheel rate - on centre	N/mm	26.4
Wheel rate - 25mm bump	N/mm	28.1
Wheel rate - 25mm rebound	N/mm	25.1



4.2 RACE Compliance KPIs

KPI	Unit	Value
BRAKING FORCE Brake steer Braking castor compliance (knuckle rotation) Contact patch longitudinal compliance Front anti-dive; Rear anti-lift Front anti-dive; Rear anti-lift	deg/kN deg/kN mm/kN N/N deg	-0.01 -0.464 3.6 0.011 0.6
LATERAL FORCE Roll centre height - wheel load variation Camber compliance in-phase 0mm trail Contact patch compliance in-phase 0mm trail Lateral compliance steer in-phase 0mm trail Lateral compliance steer in-phase 30mm trail Contact patch stiffness in-phase 0mm trail Roll centre height	N/N deg/kN mm/kN deg/kN deg/kN mm/mm	0.072 0.061 0.393 -0.036 -0.045 2545 54
TRACTION FORCE Traction steer Traction castor compliance (knuckle rotation) Wheel centre longitudinal compliance Front anti-lift; Rear anti-squat Front anti-lift; Rear anti-squat	deg/kN deg/kN mm/kN N/N deg	0.016 -0.086 0.74 -0.009 -0.5
TYRE ALIGNING TORQUE Aligning torque toe compliance in-phase	m deg/kNm	0.32



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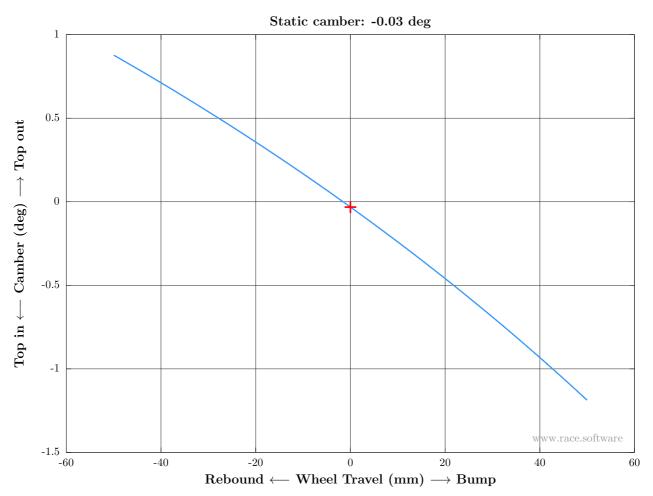


Figure 2: Vertical test: Static camber



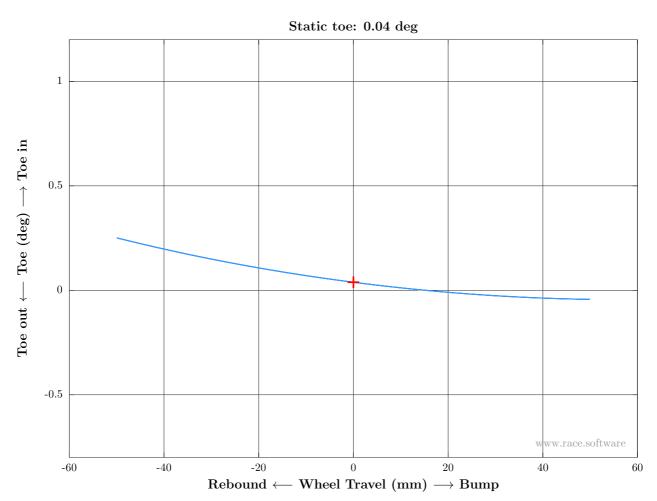


Figure 3: Vertical test: Static toe



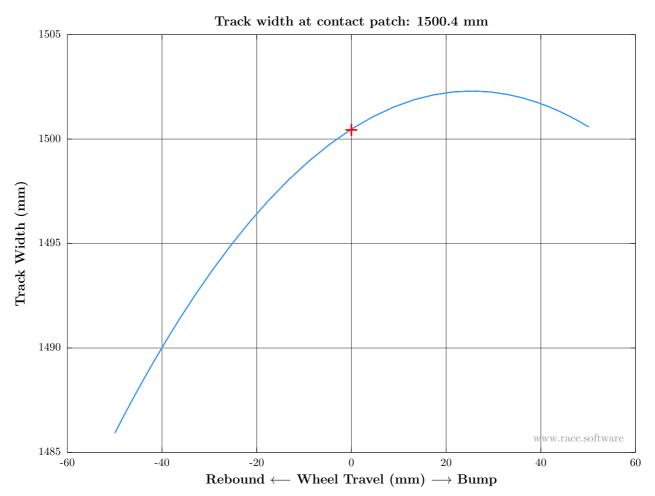


Figure 4: Vertical test: Track width at contact patch



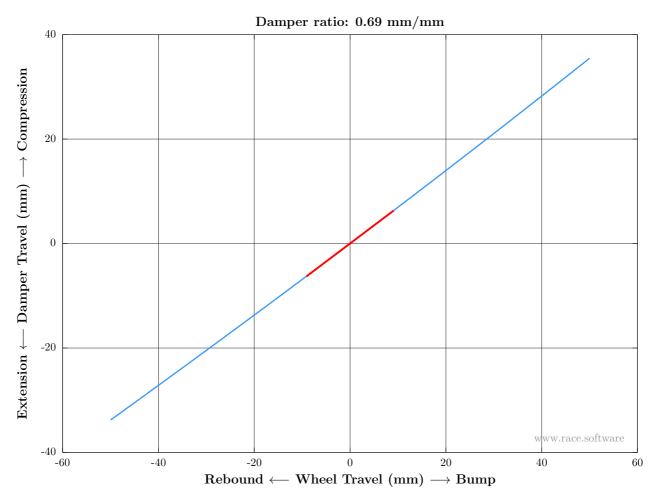


Figure 5: Vertical test: Damper ratio



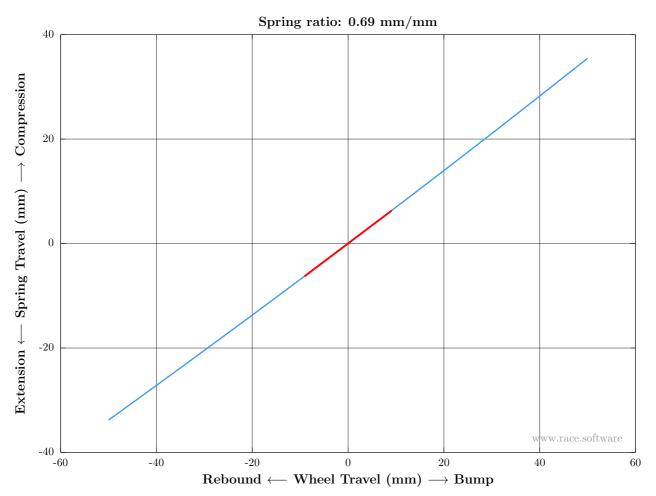


Figure 6: Vertical test: Spring ratio



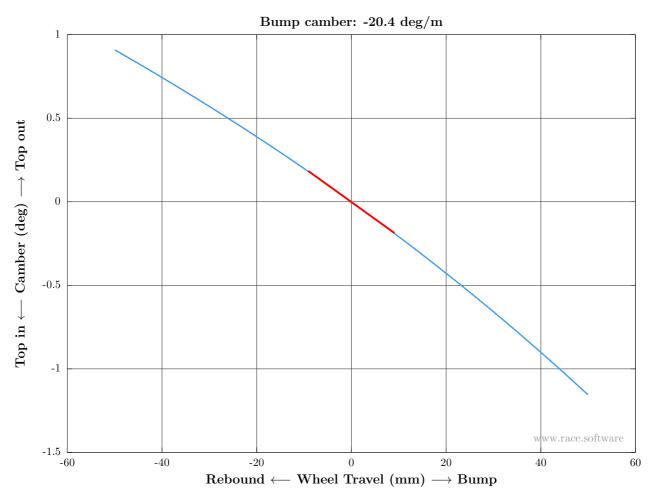


Figure 7: Vertical test: Bump camber



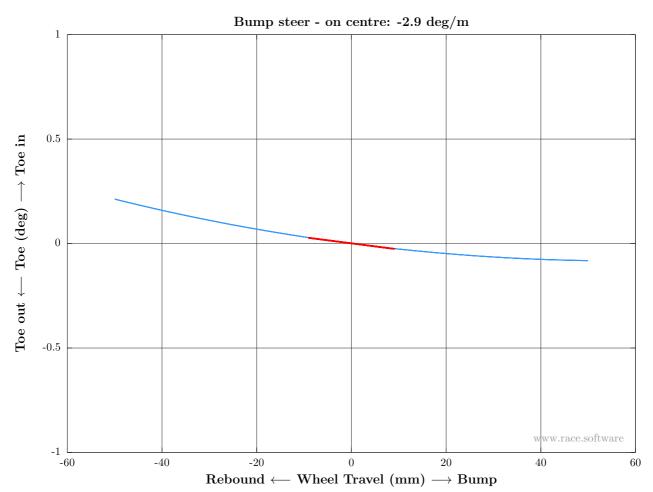


Figure 8: Vertical test: Bump steer - on centre



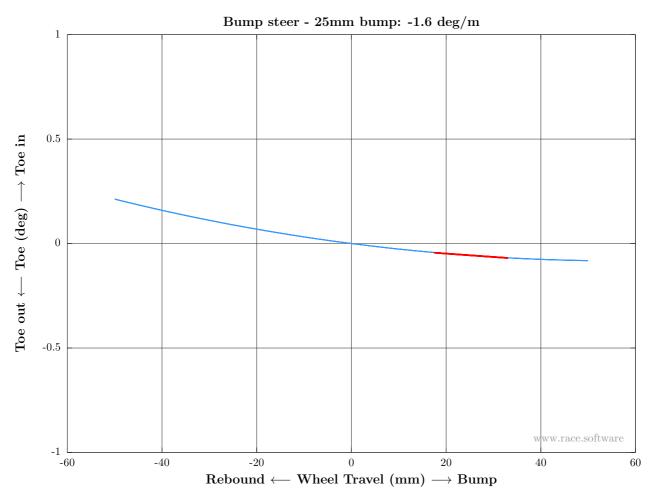


Figure 9: Vertical test: Bump steer - $25\mathrm{mm}$ bump



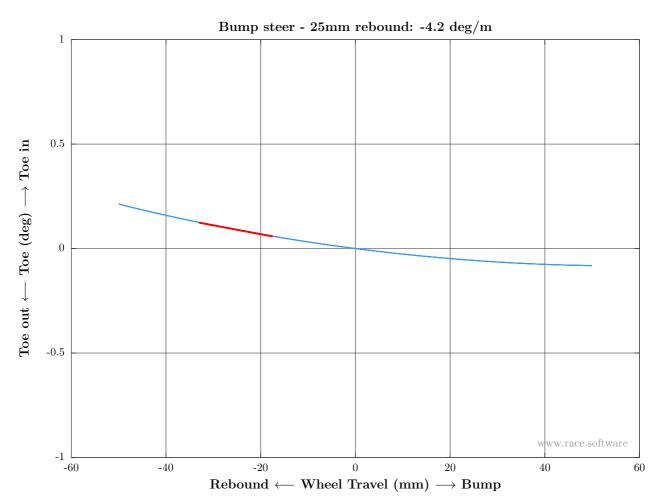


Figure 10: Vertical test: Bump steer - $25\mathrm{mm}$ rebound



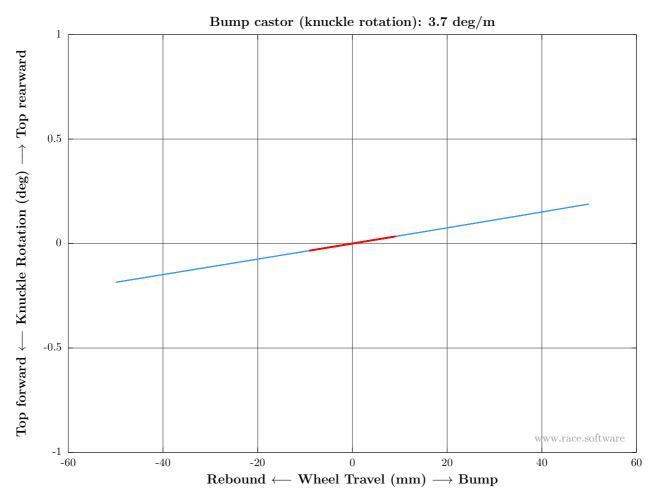


Figure 11: Vertical test: Bump castor (knuckle rotation)



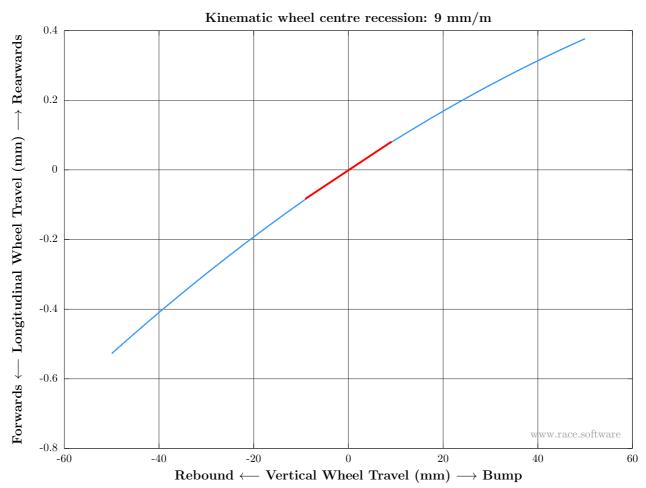


Figure 12: Vertical test: Kinematic wheel centre recession



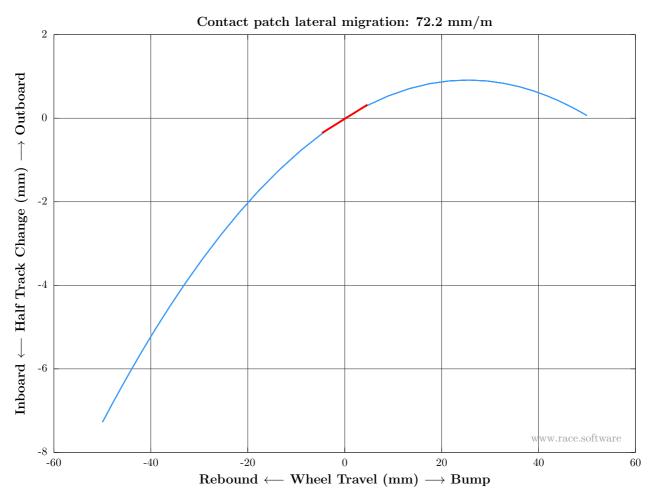


Figure 13: Vertical test: Contact patch lateral migration



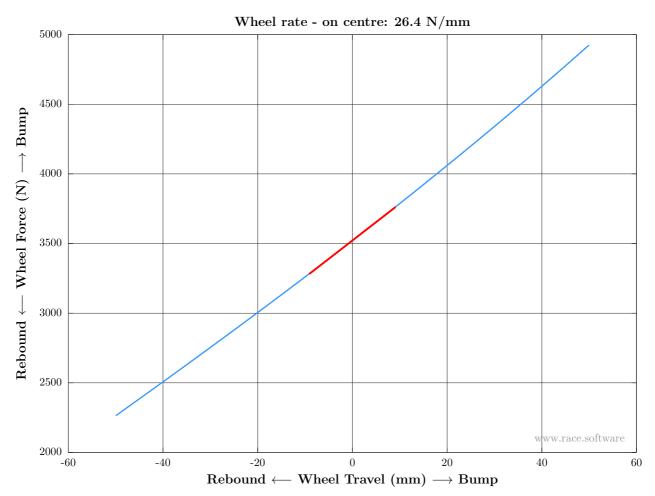


Figure 14: Vertical test: Wheel rate - on centre





Figure 15: Vertical test: Wheel rate - $25\mathrm{mm}$ bump



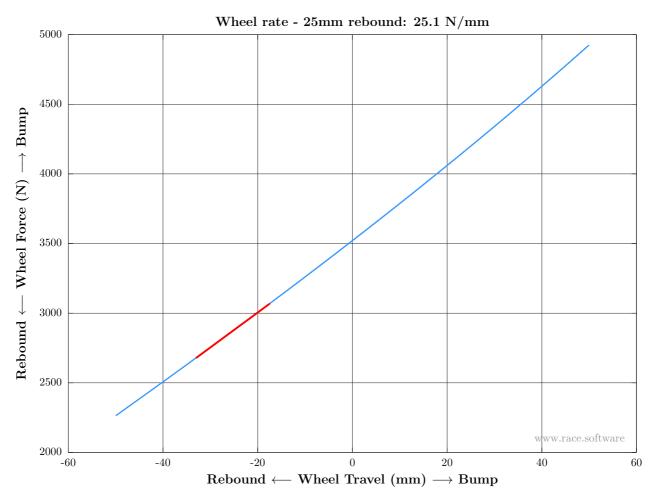


Figure 16: Vertical test: Wheel rate - $25\mathrm{mm}$ rebound



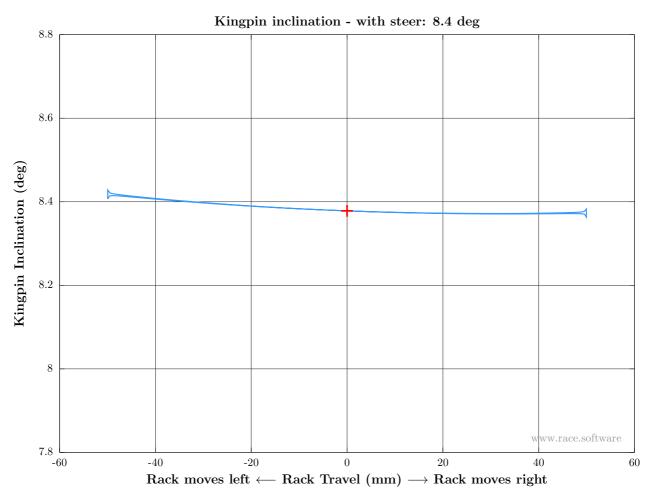


Figure 17: Steering test: Kingpin inclination - with steer



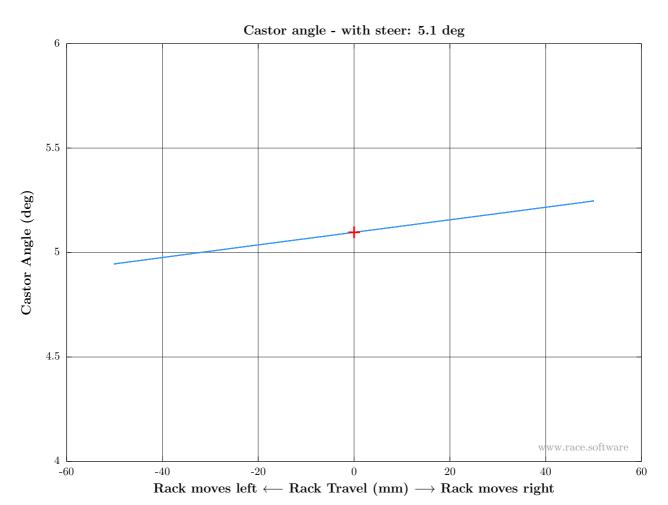


Figure 18: Steering test: Castor angle - with steer



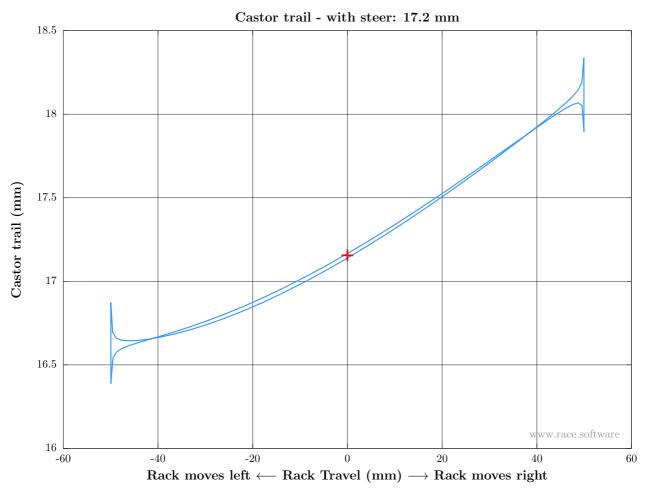


Figure 19: Steering test: Castor trail - with steer



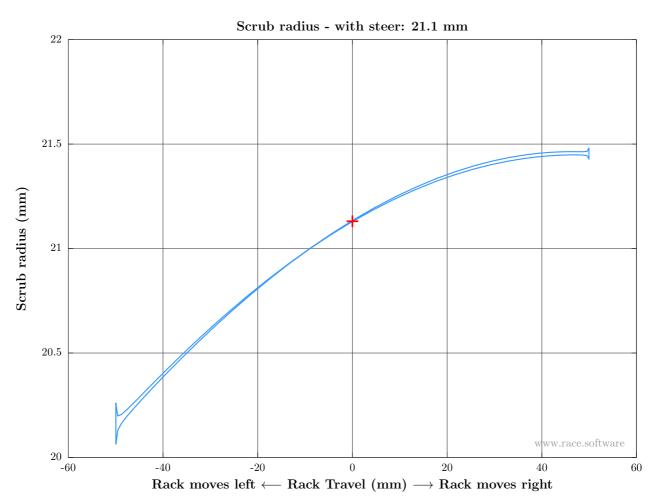


Figure 20: Steering test: Scrub radius - with steer



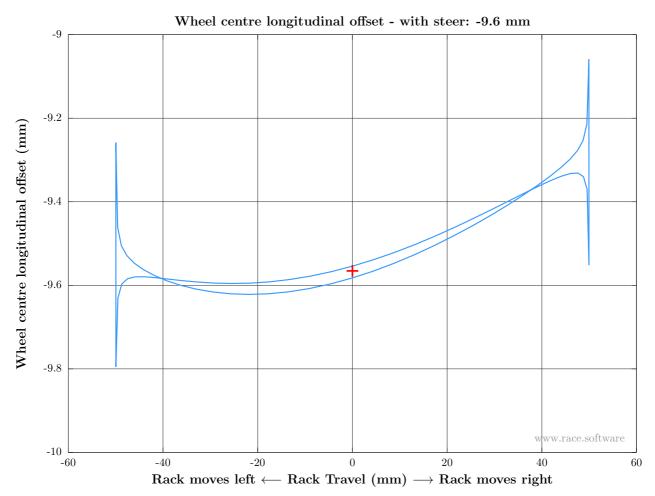


Figure 21: Steering test: Wheel centre longitudinal offset - with steer $\,$



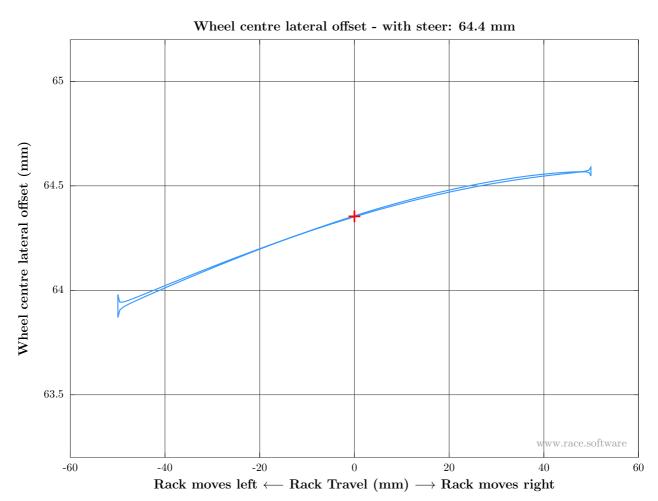


Figure 22: Steering test: Wheel centre lateral offset - with steer



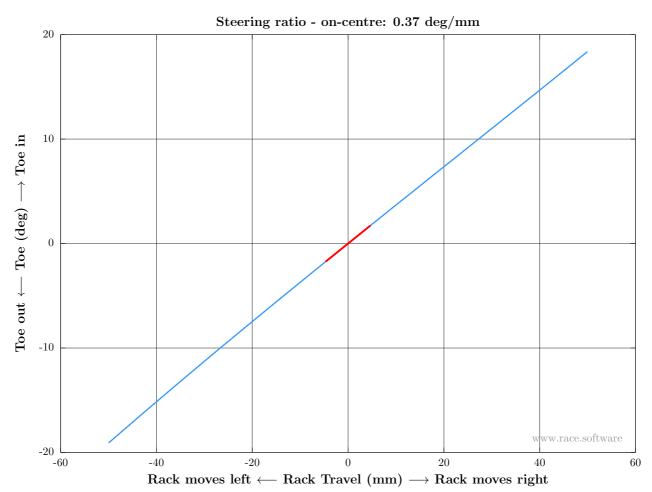


Figure 23: Steering test: Steering ratio - on-centre



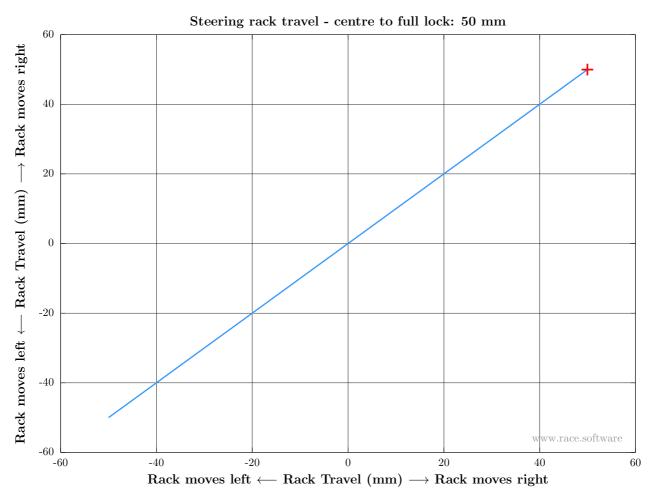


Figure 24: Steering test: Steering rack travel - centre to full lock



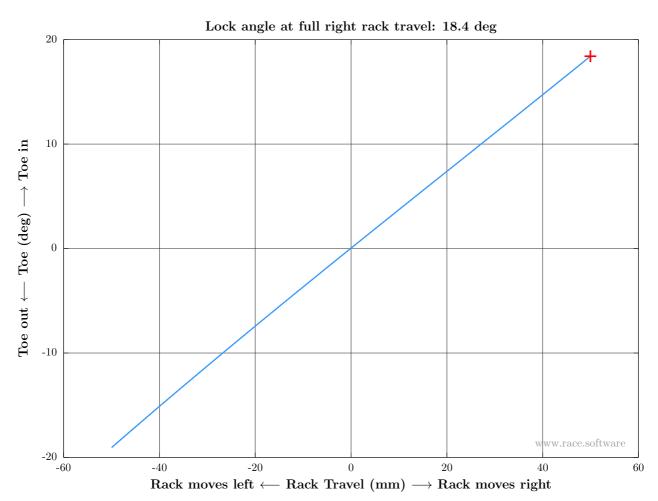


Figure 25: Steering test: Lock angle at full right rack travel



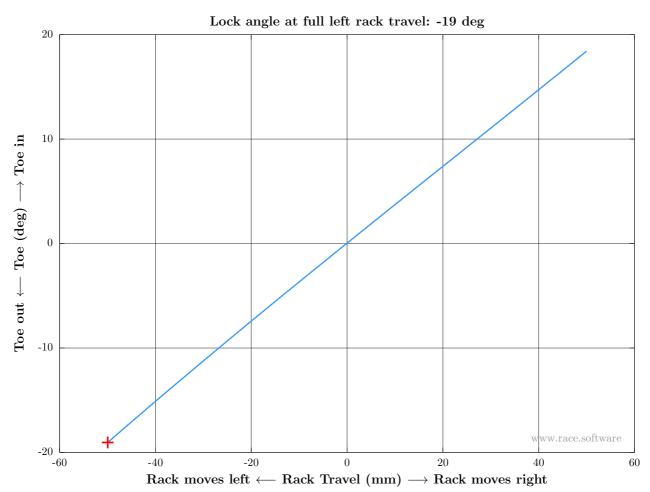


Figure 26: Steering test: Lock angle at full left rack travel



\Longleftarrow Back to Kinematics KPI Summary

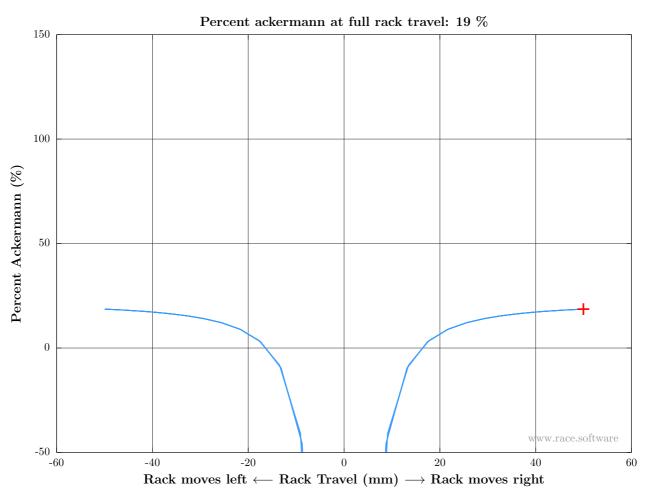


Figure 27: Steering test: Percent ackermann at full rack travel



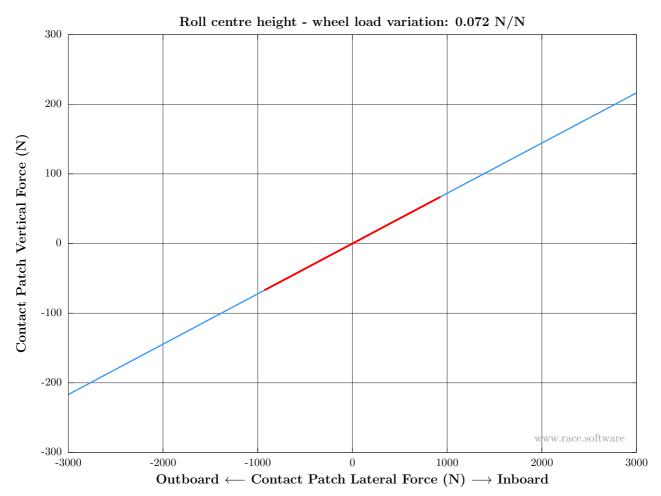


Figure 28: Lateral test: Roll centre height - wheel load variation



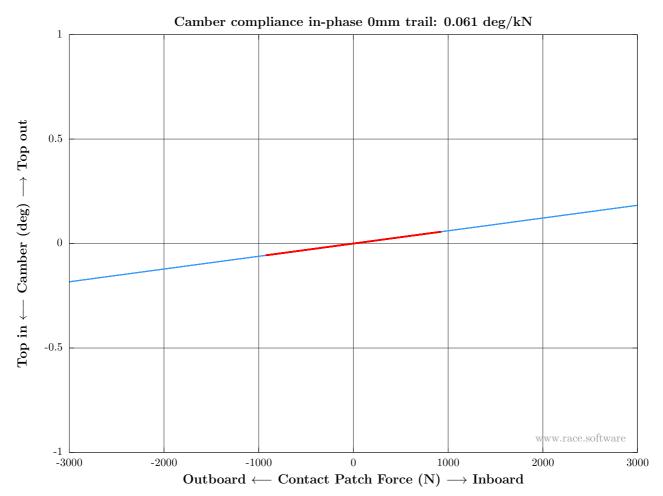


Figure 29: Lateral test: Camber compliance in-phase 0mm trail



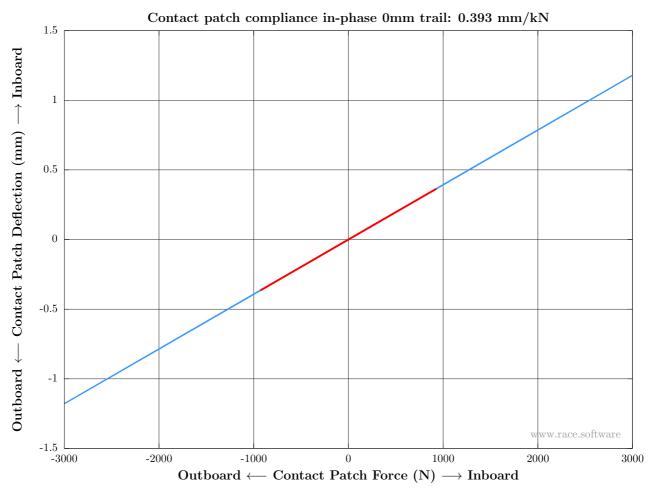


Figure 30: Lateral test: Contact patch compliance in-phase $0 \mathrm{mm}$ trail



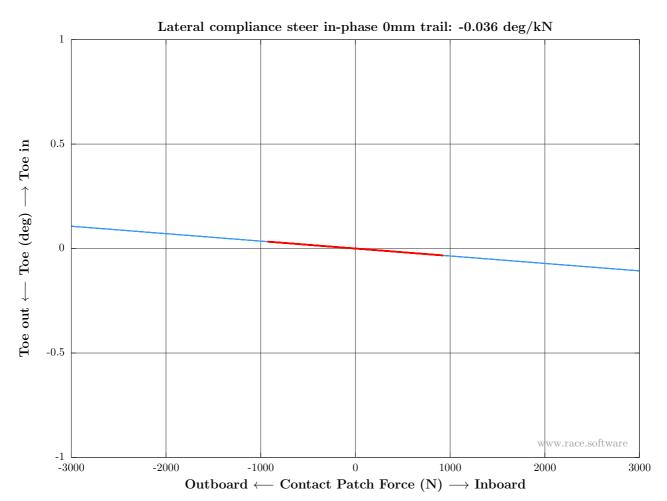


Figure 31: Lateral test: Lateral compliance steer in-phase $0 \mathrm{mm}$ trail



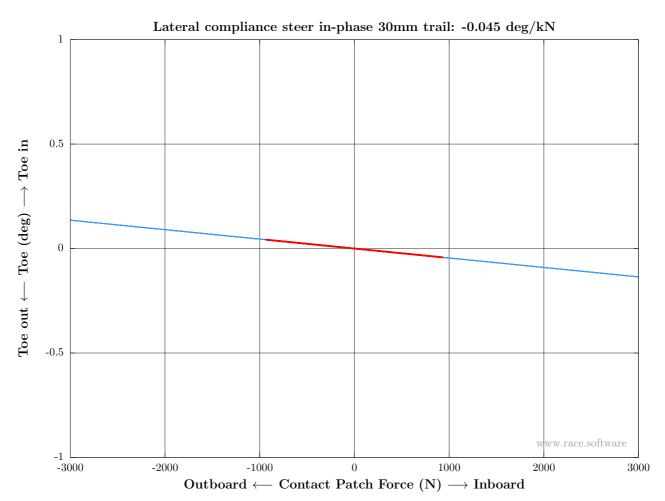


Figure 32: Lateral test: Lateral compliance steer in-phase $30\mathrm{mm}$ trail



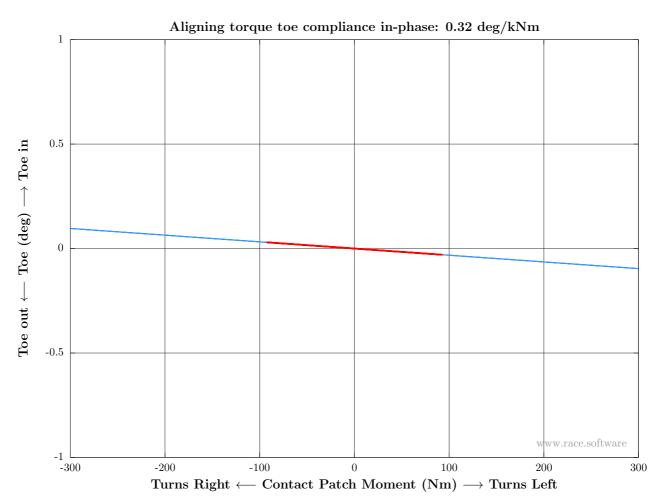


Figure 33: Aligning test: Aligning torque toe compliance in-phase



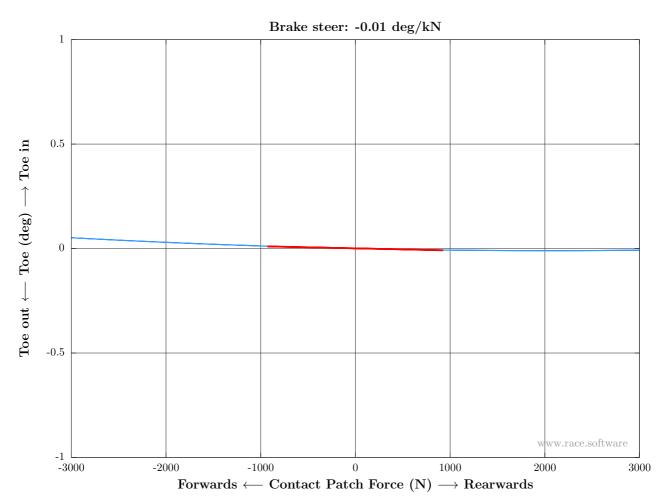


Figure 34: Braking test: Brake steer



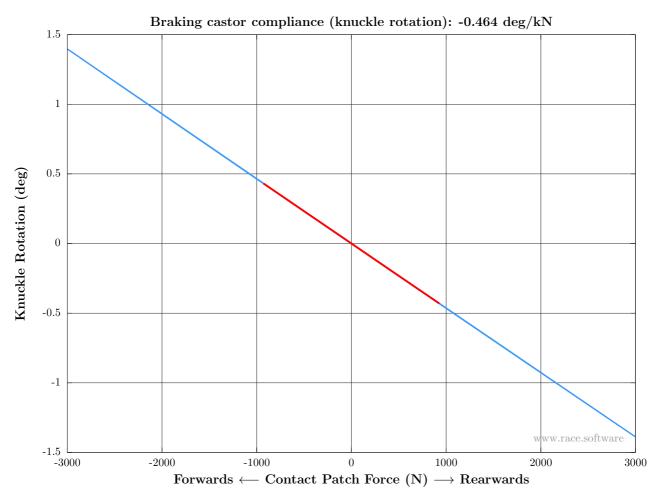


Figure 35: Braking test: Braking castor compliance (knuckle rotation)



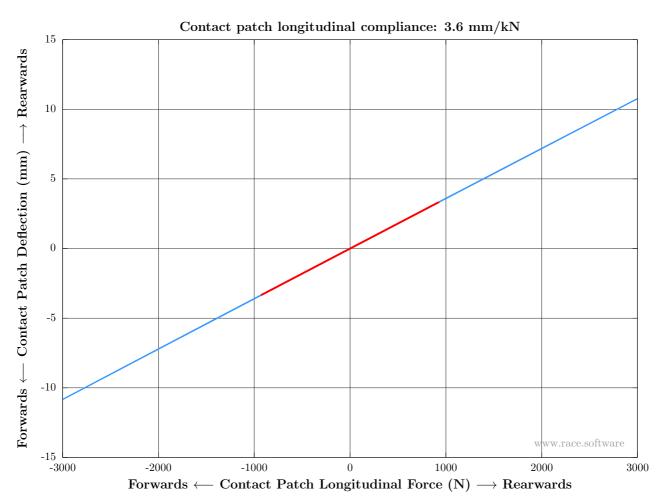


Figure 36: Braking test: Contact patch longitudinal compliance



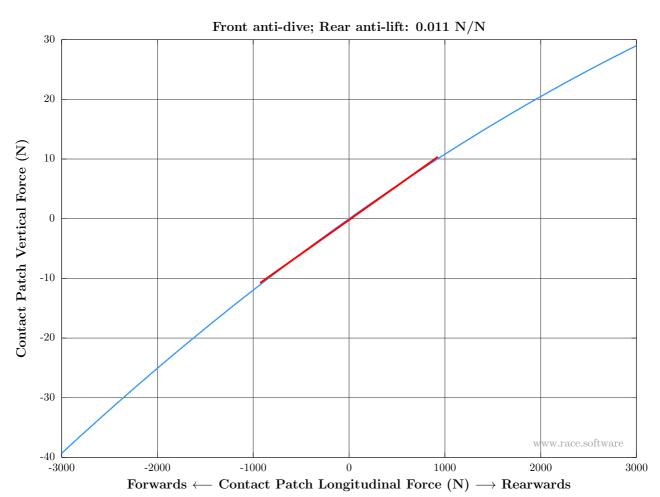


Figure 37: Braking test: Front anti-dive; Rear anti-lift



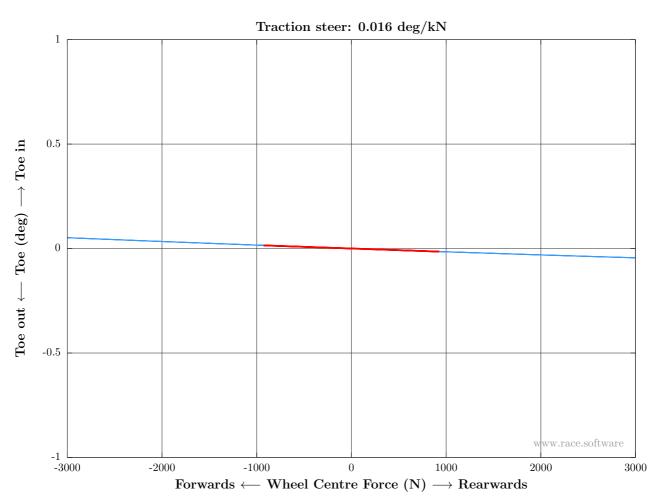


Figure 38: Traction test: Traction steer



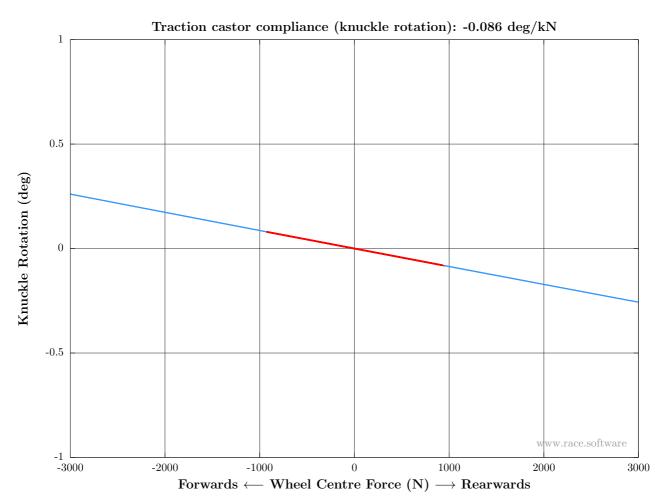


Figure 39: Traction test: Traction castor compliance (knuckle rotation)



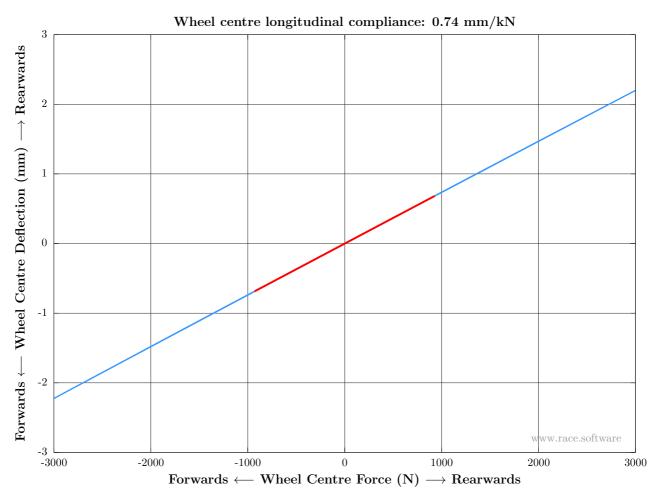


Figure 40: Traction test: Wheel centre longitudinal compliance



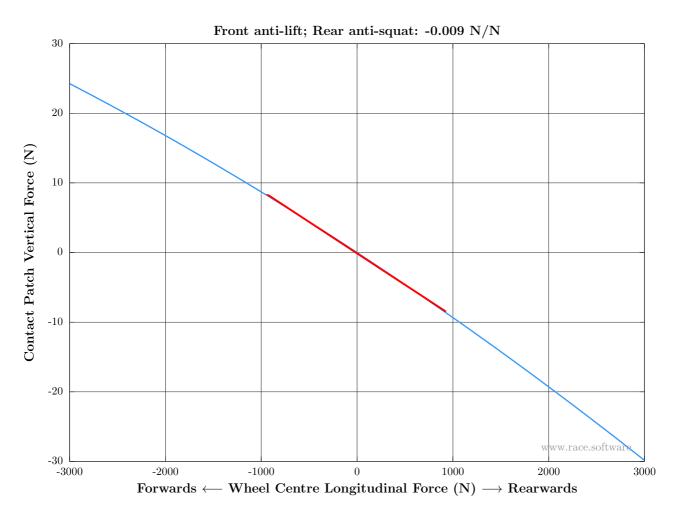


Figure 41: Traction test: Front anti-lift; Rear anti-squat



6 Key Performance Indicator Sign Conventions

\Leftarrow Back to KPI Summary

KPI	Unit	Positive metric sign meaning
BRAKING FORCE Brake steer Braking castor compliance (knuckle rotation) Contact patch longitudinal compliance Front anti-dive; Rear anti-lift	deg/kN deg/kN mm/kN N/N	toe in under braking castor angle increase under braking rearward contact patch deflection under braking anti-dive (front axle); pro-lift (rear axle)
LATERAL FORCE Roll centre height - wheel load variation Camber compliance in-phase 0mm trail Contact patch compliance in-phase 0mm trail Lateral compliance steer in-phase 0mm trail	N/N deg/kN mm/kN deg/kN	roll centre above ground top of wheel outboard with lateral force contact patch deflection inboard toe in with lateral force
STATIC GEOMETRY Static camber Static toe	deg deg	top of wheel outboard front of wheel inboard (toe in)
STEERING INPUT Kingpin inclination - with steer Castor angle - with steer Castor trail - with steer Scrub radius - with steer Wheel centre longitudinal offset - with steer Wheel centre lateral offset - with steer Lock angle at full right rack travel Lock angle at full left rack travel Percent ackermann at full rack travel	deg deg mm mm mm deg deg %	top of axis is inboard top of axis is rearwards kingpin ground intersect forward of whl centre kingpin ground intersect inboard of whl centre kingpin axis is rearwards of wheel centre kingpin axis is inboard of wheel centre Wheel is steering to the right Wheel is steering to the right Pro-Ackermann (100% is perfect ackermann)
TRACTION FORCE Traction steer Traction castor compliance (knuckle rotation) Wheel centre longitudinal compliance Front anti-lift; Rear anti-squat TYRE ALIGNING TORQUE	deg/kN deg/kN mm/kN N/N	toe in under acceleration castor angle increase under traction rearward wheel centre deflection for an impact anti-lift (front axle); pro-squat (rear axle)
Aligning torque toe compliance in-phase VERTICAL MOTION Bump camber Bump steer - on centre Bump castor (knuckle rotation) Kinematic wheel centre recession Contact patch lateral migration	deg/kNm deg/m deg/m deg/m mm/m	top of wheel outboard with bump travel top of wheel outboard with bump travel top of wheel rearward in bump rearward wheel travel in bump contact patch inboard migration in bump